

# LECTURE IV (TOM CHURCH)

PROOF OF THM A : For  $n \geq 9 \cdot 2^i - 3$

(PUTMAN, C-E)

$$H_i(\Gamma_n(p)) \cong \frac{\bigoplus_{j=1}^n H_i(\Gamma_{n-1}^{(j)}(p))}{\text{Im} \bigoplus_{j,k=1}^n H_i(\Gamma_{n-2}^{(j,k)}(p))}$$

TWO INGREDIENTS:

THM B : For ANY FI-MODULE  $V$ ,  $\deg H_k^{FI}(V) \leq \deg H_0 + \deg H_{k-1}$   
(C-E)

THM C : THMA is equivalent to

(C-E)  $\left. \begin{array}{l} \deg H_0^{FI}(H_n) \\ \deg H_1^{FI}(H_n) \end{array} \right\} \leq 9 \cdot 2^9 - 3$

→ idea : BECAUSE  $\exists$  A CPX OF FI-MODULES COMPUTING  $H_*^{FI}(V)$  (FOR ANY FI-MODULE  $V$ )

$$\dots \rightarrow \bigoplus_{i \neq j=1}^n V_{[n]-i-j} \rightarrow \bigoplus_{i=1}^n V_{[n]-i} \rightarrow V_{[n]} \rightarrow 0$$

$\rightarrow H_*^{FI}(V)_n$

PUTMAN: CENTRAL STABILITY  $\leftrightarrow$  CONDITION OF THM A  
ROUGHLY

(THE ABOVE COMPLEX IS IN PUTMAN'S PAPER (LEM. 4.4) AND PROP 4.5  $\leftrightarrow$  THM B OVER A FIELD OF WGT CHARACTER.)  
— ALSO IN CEFN, DEF 2.7.

RECALL:  $H_0^{FI}(V) = K \otimes_{FI} V$  WHERE  $K$  IS THE FI-BMODULE  
 $K(S,T) = \begin{cases} \mathbb{Z} \text{Hom}(S,T) & \text{if } S \cong T \\ 0 & \text{if } S \not\cong T \end{cases}$   
 ALSO, DEFINE  $S$  WITH OBJECTS FINITE SETS AND  $\text{Hom}_S(S,T) = \begin{cases} \mathbb{Z} \text{Inj}(S,T) & S \cong T \\ 0 & S \not\cong T \end{cases}$

PREVIOUSLY, COMPUTED  $H_i^{FI}(V)$  BY RESOLVING  $V$   
 INSTEAD, RESOLVE  $K$  BY  $C_\bullet \rightarrow K$   
 "Tor $_i^{FI}(K, V)$ "

THEN  $C_\bullet \otimes V$  WILL BE THE CPX MENTIONED ABOVE.

COMPARE:  $k[T]$ -MODULE  $M \rightsquigarrow H_0^{k[T]}(M) = M/TM$

AND  $H_i^{k[T]}(M) = \text{Tor}_i^{k[T]}(k, M)$  "  $k \otimes M$

$k$  HAS RESOLUTION

$$0 \rightarrow k[T] \xrightarrow{T} k[T] \rightarrow k$$

$$\rightsquigarrow (k[T] \xrightarrow{T} k[T]) \otimes M = M \xrightarrow{T} M$$

$$\rightarrow H_0(M) = M/TM, \quad H_1(M) = \ker(T: M \rightarrow M)$$

$$H_i(M) = 0 \quad i > 1$$

RECALL: FOR  $A$  A GRADED ALGEBRA,  $A_0 \cong k$ ,  $A_+ = A_{\geq 1}$   
~~IN~~ BAR RESOLUTION  $B(A_+, A_+, A) \rightarrow A$

$$\dots \rightarrow A_+ \otimes_{k} A_+ \otimes_{k} A \rightarrow A_+ \otimes_{k} A \rightarrow A$$

$$\rightsquigarrow B(A_+, A_+, A) \otimes M = B(A_+, A_+, M)$$

DEFINE  $A = FI$ -BIMODULE  $A(S, T) = \mathbb{Z} \text{Hom}_{FI}(S, T)$

$A_+ = FI$ -BIMODULE  $A_+(S, T) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } S \cong T \\ \mathbb{Z} \text{Hom}_{FI}(S, T) & \text{if } S \neq T \end{cases}$

$$\tilde{L}_0 = A$$

$$\tilde{L}_1 = A_+ \otimes_{\mathbb{S}} A$$

$$\tilde{L}_2 = A_+ \otimes_{\mathbb{S}} A_+ \otimes_{\mathbb{S}} A$$

$$\rightsquigarrow \dots \rightarrow \tilde{L}_3 \rightarrow \tilde{L}_2 \rightarrow \tilde{L}_1 \rightarrow \tilde{L}_0$$

$\uparrow$   
 Coker = ISOS OF  $A$

$L_i$  IS THE FI-BIMODULE

$$\tilde{L}_i \otimes_{FI} V = \underbrace{A \otimes_{+S} \dots \otimes_{+S} A \otimes_{+S} V}_{L_i} \quad (10)$$

$L_1(S, T)$  HAS BASIS  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} f: S \hookrightarrow T \\ f(S) \not\subset T \end{array} \right\}$

$L_2(S, T) \quad \text{---} \quad \left\{ f: S \hookrightarrow T, u_1, f(S) \not\subset u_1 \not\subset T \right\}$

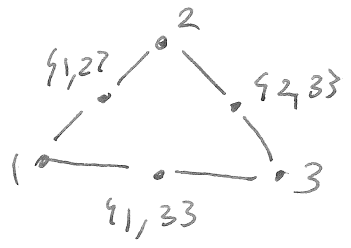
$L_3(S, T) \quad \text{---} \quad \left\{ f: S \hookrightarrow T, u_1, u_2, f(S) \not\subset u_1 \not\subset u_2 \not\subset T \right\}$

$$\rightsquigarrow \bigoplus_{S \in T \setminus [n]} V_S \longrightarrow \bigoplus_{S \in [n]} V_S \longrightarrow V_n$$

WANT TO REPLACE THIS BY A SIMPLER COMPLEX BY REPLACING  $L_i$  BY  $C_i$ .

$L_0(S, T)$  IS ~~THE~~  <sup>$\bigoplus_{f \neq \emptyset}$</sup>  REDUCED ORBITAL OF THE POINT OF PROPER NON-EMPTY SUBSETS OF  $T - f(S)$ .

EX:  $|T| = |S| + 3$



$$L_0(S, T) \simeq \partial \Delta^{|T|-|S|-1}$$

--- CAN BE REPLACED BY A MUCH SIMPLER THING:

$$C_i(S, T) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } |T| \neq |S| + i \\ \{f: S \hookrightarrow T\} \boxtimes \mathbb{Z}_{E_{T-f(S)}} & \text{if } |T| = |S| + i \end{cases}$$

← SIGN REPRESENTATION OF  $T - f(S)$

$$\rightsquigarrow (C_i \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} V)_T = \bigoplus_{\substack{S \subseteq T \\ |S| = |T| - i}} V_S \boxtimes E_{T-S}$$

CAN REPLACE FI BY  $S(\mathbb{Z})$  OR  $S(\mathbb{F}_p)$   
 BUT THE OBJECT IS NOT  $\partial\Delta$  BUT CHARNEY'S  
 SPLIT BUILDING, WHICH IS COTTON-MACCAULEY

↓ SPLIT STEINBERG MODULE

$$\begin{array}{c} \rightsquigarrow \\ \dots \rightarrow \bigoplus_{C \subseteq \mathbb{F}_p^n} V_{n-2} \otimes S^k(\mathbb{F}_p^2) \rightarrow \bigoplus_{B \subseteq \mathbb{F}_p^n} V_{n-1} \rightarrow V_n \end{array}$$

$\dim C = n-2$                        $\dim B = n-1$

(Rem:  $H_i^{FI}(\mathbb{Z}_0) \cong \mathbb{E}_i$ )

Def:  $GI_{\mathbb{Z}} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Obj} = \text{FREE FINITE RANK } G\text{-MODULES} \\ \text{Mor}(A, B) = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} f: A \rightarrow B, v_1, \dots, v_r \in B \\ \text{s.t. } B \cong f(A) \oplus \langle v_1 \rangle \oplus \dots \oplus \langle v_r \rangle \end{array} \right\} \end{array} \right\}$

Def:  $\tilde{\Gamma} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Obj} = \text{FREE f.g. } \mathbb{Z}\text{-MODULE } A \text{ WITH A BASIS } b_A \text{ FOR } A/p \\ \text{Mor}_{b_A, b_B}(A, B) = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} f: A \rightarrow B, v_1, \dots, v_r \in B \text{ s.t.} \\ B = f(A) \oplus \langle v_1 \rangle \oplus \dots \oplus \langle v_r \rangle \\ b_B = f(b_A) \cup \{v_1, \dots, v_r\} \end{array} \right\} \end{array} \right\}$

Def:  $N^{\mathbb{Z}} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Obj } n \in \mathbb{N} \\ \text{Mor}(n, m) = \begin{cases} \mathbb{Z} & n=m \\ 0 & n \neq m \end{cases} \end{array} \right\}$

$\epsilon: GI_{\mathbb{Z}} \rightarrow N^{\mathbb{Z}}$   
 $A \mapsto \text{rank } A$

$\epsilon_{\tilde{\Gamma}}: \tilde{\Gamma} \rightarrow \mathcal{S}$   
 $(A, b_A) \mapsto b_A$

$\epsilon_!: GI_{\mathbb{Z}}\text{-Mod} \rightarrow N^{\mathbb{Z}}\text{-Mod}, \quad \epsilon_{\tilde{\Gamma}}!: \tilde{\Gamma}\text{-Mod} \rightarrow \mathcal{S}\text{-Mod}$

$H_i^\epsilon(V)$  derived functors  $H_i(\epsilon)(V)$ .

(11)

Claim D:  $\stackrel{D1}{\text{Homological stability for } H_i(G_n \mathbb{Z}; \mathbb{Z})}$   
 $n \geq N(\epsilon) \quad \forall i$

$$H_i^\epsilon(\mathbb{Z})_n = 0 \quad \text{for } n \gg 0 \quad \forall i$$

$\uparrow$   
Constant functors

D2: Twisted stability for  $H_i(G_n \mathbb{Z}; V_n) \quad \forall i$

$$H_i^\epsilon(V)_n = 0 \quad \text{for } n \gg 0$$

D3: THM A for  $H_i(\Gamma_n(p))$  for  $n \gg 0$

$$H_i^{\epsilon_p}(\mathbb{Z}) \approx 0$$