

# CLAUDIA SCHIMBAUER, LECTURE 4

YESTERDAY: A SEGAL SPACE is a SIMPLICIAL SPACE  $X: \Delta^{op} \rightarrow \text{SPACES}$  s.t.

$$\forall n \geq 1, \quad X_n \xrightarrow{\cong} X_1 \underset{X_0}{\overset{X_0}{\times}} \dots \underset{X_0}{\overset{X_0}{\times}} X_1$$

THINK OF  $X_0 = \text{OBJECTS}$ ,  $X_1 = \text{MORPHISMS}$   
 $X_2 = \text{PAIRS OF COMPATIBLE MORPHISMS WITH A CHOICE OF COMPOSITION.}$

NOTE:  $X_1$  IS A SPACE, SO 2-MORPHISMS ARE PARTS IN  $X_1$ .

## BORDISMS AS A SEGAL SPACE

ROUGH IDEA:  $N.(n \text{ Cob})$  IS A SIMPLICIAL SPACE AND IT IS A SEGAL SPACE.

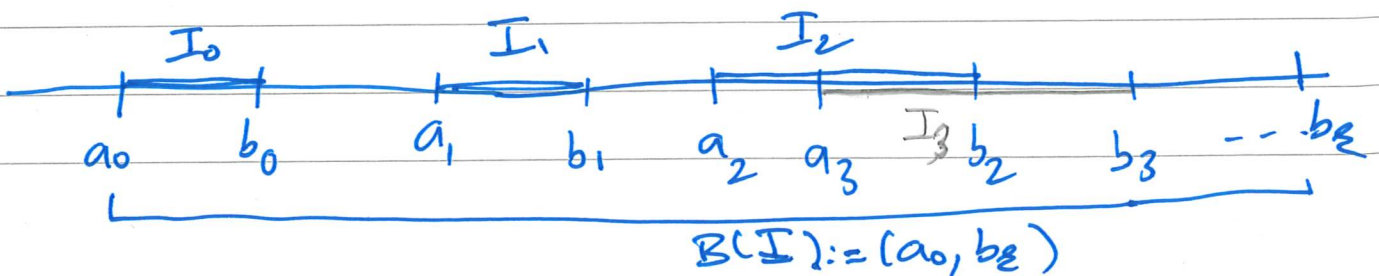
WE WILL LOOK AT A VARIATION OF THIS DEFINITION, MORE SUITABLE FOR LATER PURPOSES.

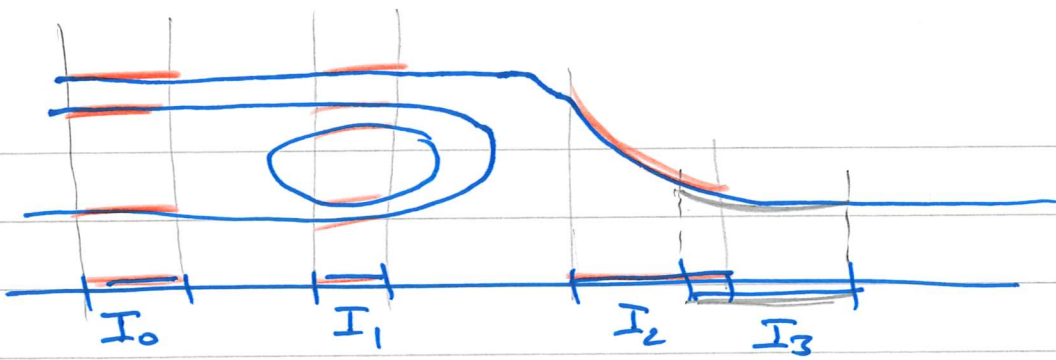
$$X = \text{Bord}_n^{(\infty, 1)}$$

$X_2 = \text{SPACE OF } \dots (M, \underline{I} = (I_0 \leq \dots \leq I_k))$

$$M \subseteq B(\underline{I}) \times \mathbb{R}^\infty$$

↑ "INTERVALS"  $(a_i, b_i)$   
 $a_0 \leq \dots \leq a_k, b_0 \leq \dots \leq b_k$   
 $a_i < b_i$





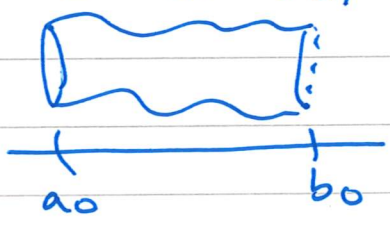
s.t.  $M \subseteq B(I) \times \mathbb{R}^{d_0}$  (1)  $\pi$  is PROPER  
 $\pi \searrow \downarrow \text{pr}$   
 $B(I)$   
 (2) OVER  $B(I)$  ( $[a_i, b_i] = I_i$ ),  $\pi$  is SUBMERSIVE  
 REPEATER CYLINDRICITY.

IN PARTICULAR:

$X_0 \ni (M, I_0)$

$B(I_0) = (a_0, b_0)$ ,  $I_0 = [a_0, b_0]$

$\pi^{-1}(B(I_0)) \cong$  CYLINDER

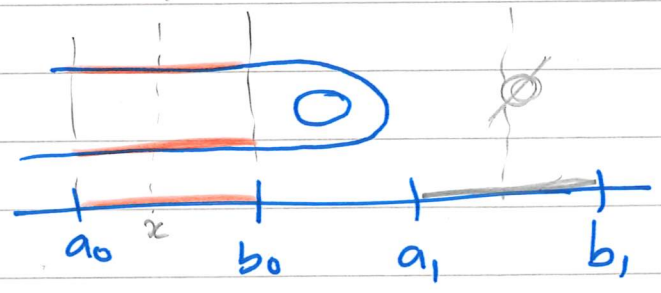


$\pi^{-1}(x) \times (a_0, b_0)$

FOR ANY  $x \in (a_0, b_0)$

BORDISM WITH COLLARS

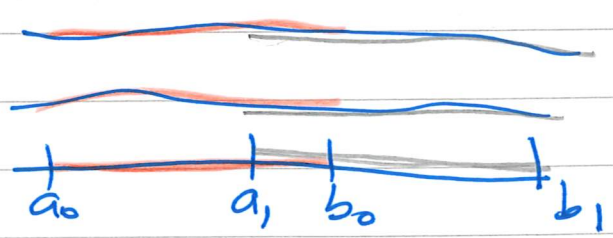
$X_1 \ni (M, (I_0, I_1))$



IF THE INTERVALS OVERLAP:

LONG CYLINDER

$\leadsto$  will ALLOW TO  
 DEFINE GENERALIZER =  
 DOUBLING AN INTERVAL



FACE MAPS: MEETING INTERVALS.

REFS: LURIE, CALAQUE-S.



NOTE: FOR THE PURPOSE OF HAVING A SEGAL SPACE, WE COULD HAVE USED POINTS INSTEAD OF THE INTERVALS  $I_i$ , BUT INTERVALS WILL BE USEFUL LATER FOR BUILDING TFT'S.

Now,  $(\infty, n)$ -VERSION.

DEF: AN  $(\infty, n)$ -CATEGORY IS (FOR US) A (COMPLETE)  $n$ -FOLD SEGAL SPACE, i.e. AN  $n$ -FOLD SIMPLICIAL SPACE

$$X: (\Delta^{op})^n \longrightarrow \text{SPACES}$$

s.t. (1)  $X_{k_1, \dots, k_{i-1}, *, k_{i+1}, \dots, k_n}: \Delta^{op} \longrightarrow \text{SPACES}$

IS (COMPLETE) SEGAL

(2)  $X_{k_1, \dots, k_n, 0, 0, \dots, 0}$  IS EQUIVALENT (i.e. LEVEL-WISE EQUIV.) TO A CONSTANT  $(n-i-1)$ -FOLD SEGAL SPACE, i.e.

$$X_{k_1, \dots, k_{i-1}, 0, \dots, 0} \xrightarrow[\cong]{\text{deg}} X_{k_1, \dots, k_{i-1}, 0, k_{i+1}, \dots, k_n}$$

$n=2$ : (1)  $X_{k,}$  AND  $X_{0, \varepsilon}$  ARE (COMPLETE) SEGAL SPACES

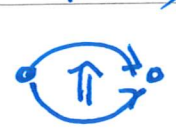
(2)  $X_{0,0}$  IS ESSENTIALLY CONSTANT:

$$X_{0,0} \xrightarrow{\cong} X_{0,\varepsilon}$$

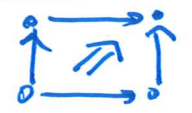
OBJECTS:  $X_{0,0}$ , 1-MORPH =  $X_{1,0}$ , 2-MORPH =  $X_{1,1}$

$$X_{0,1} \xrightarrow{\cong} X_{0,0}$$

BECAUSE

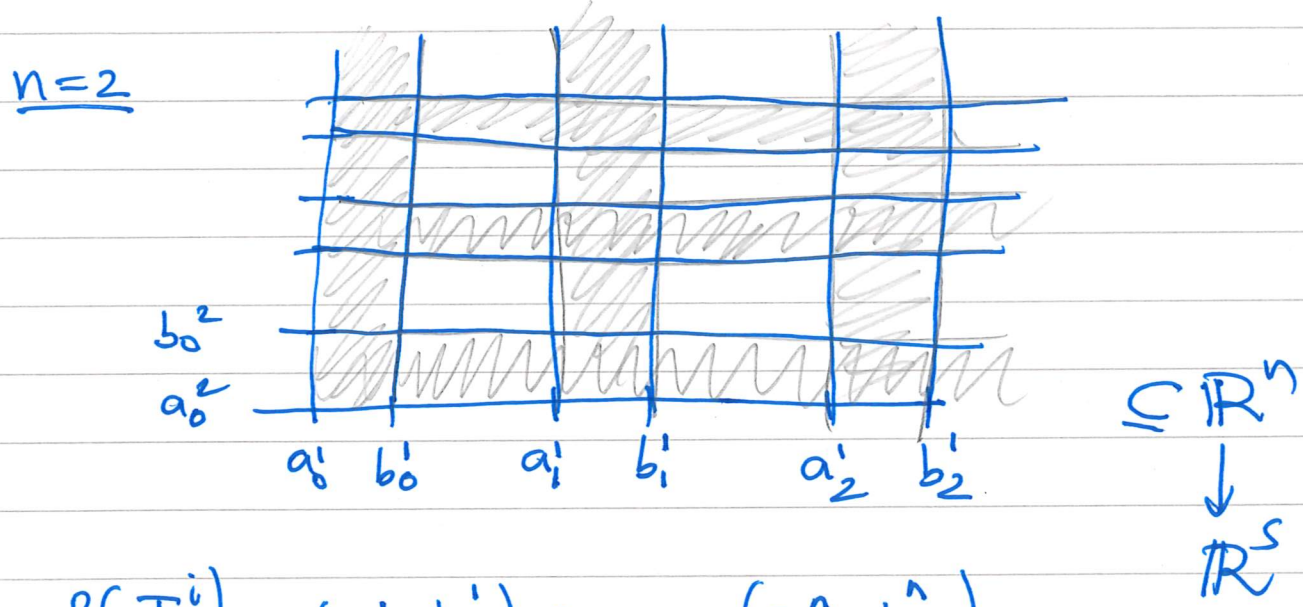


INSTEAD OF



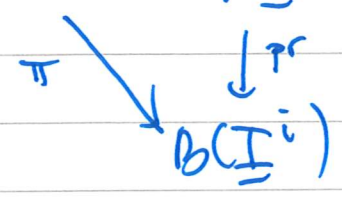
NOTE: NOW WE HAVE 2-MORPHISMS ~~AS~~ AS  
 PETS IN  $X_{1,0}$  AND AS POINTS IN  $X_{1,1}$ .  
 COMPLETENESS:  $X_{1,0}$  ~~IS~~ IS EQUIVALENT TO  
 THE GROUPOID OF INJECTIBLE 2-MORPH  
 FROM  $X_{1,1}$ .

BORDERS  $X_{2,1}, \dots, X_{2,n}$  FROM  $X_{0,1}, \dots, X_{0,n} = \text{Bord}_{n,0}^{(20,n)}$   
 $\cup$   
 $(M, (\underline{I}^i)_{1 \leq i \leq n})$



$$B(\underline{I}^i) := (a_0^i, b_2^i) \times \dots \times (a_0^n, b_{2n}^n)$$

$M \subset B(\underline{I}^i) \times \mathbb{R}^\infty$  st. (1)  $\pi$  is PROPER



(2)  $p_s: M \xrightarrow{\pi} B(\underline{I}^i) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^S$   
 $s \in \{1, \dots, n\}$ , AT  $x \in p_{s,1}^{-1}(I_j^i)$   
 THE  $p_{s,1, \dots, n}$  IS SUBMERSIVE

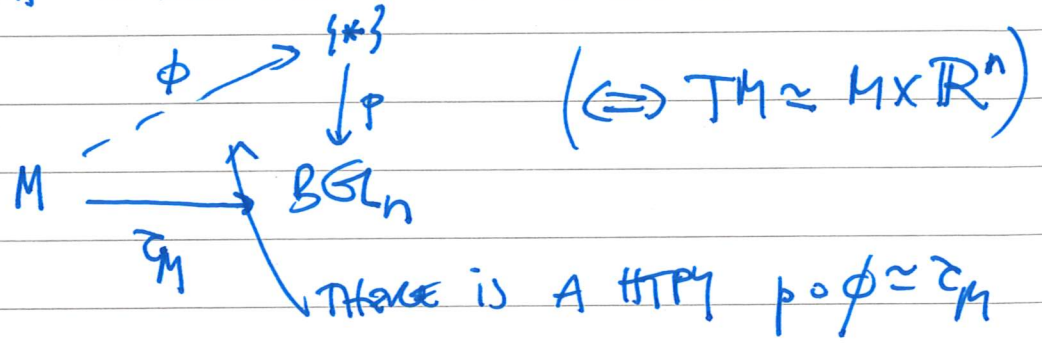
WARNING: NOT COMPLETE!



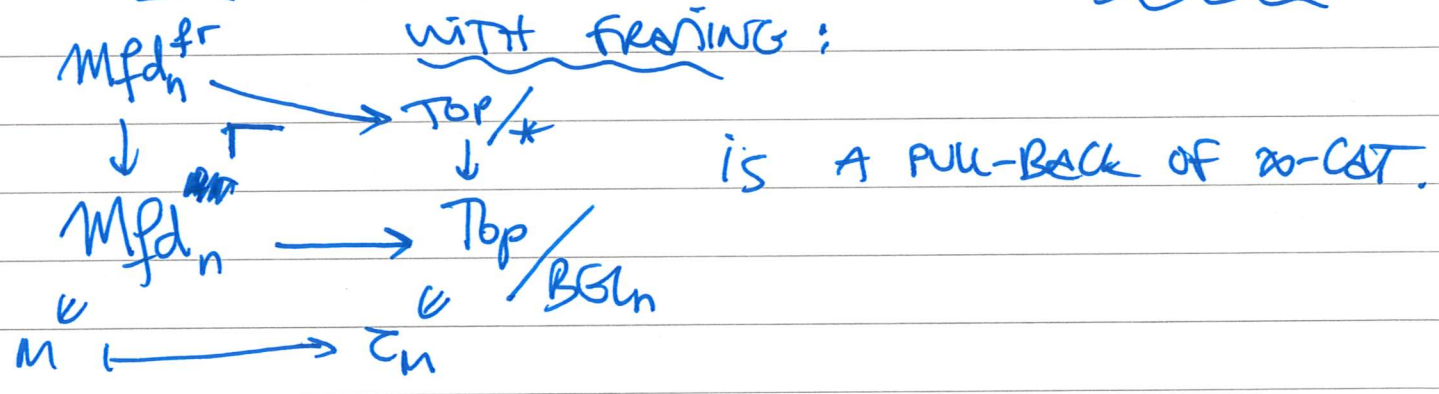
# Factorization Homology -- To be digested

DEFINITION: THE TOPOLOGICALLY ENRICHED  $(\infty, 1)$ -CAT OF FRAMED  $n$ -MANIFOLDS  $Mfd_n^{fr}$  HAS

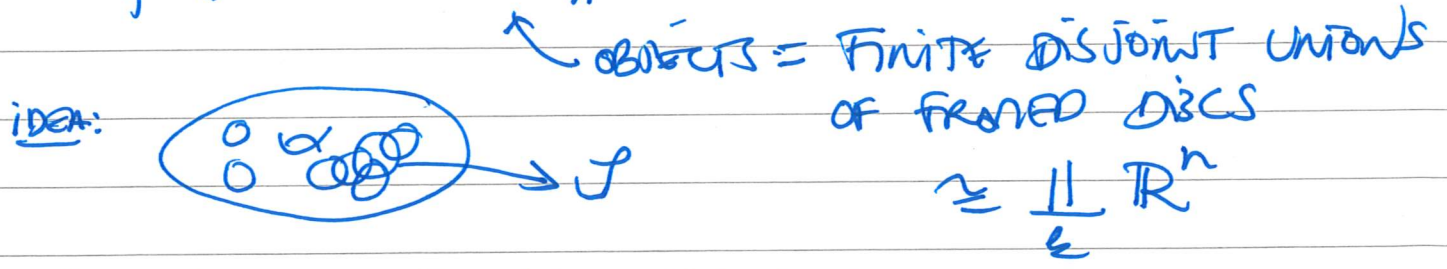
OBJECTS = SMOOTH MANIFOLDS WITH FRAMING



MORPHISMS = SPACE OF EMBEDDINGS COMPATIBLE WITH FRAMING:



$Mfd_n^{fr} \ni Disc_n^{fr}$  SYMM. MONOIDAL WITH  $\perp$



DEF / PROP: AN  $E_n$ -ALGEBRA

IN A SYMM. MONOIDAL  $(\infty, 1)$ -CATEGORY  $\mathcal{J}$  IS

A SYMM. MONOIDAL FUNCTOR  $A: Disc_n^{fr} \rightarrow \mathcal{J}$

EXERCISE:  $n=1$ ,  $\mathcal{J} = \text{Vect}$ , THIS IS JUST AN ASSOCIATIVE ALGEBRA!

Def: GIVEN  $A$  AS ABOVE, FACTORIZATION HOMOLOGY IS THE LEFT KAN

EXTENSION

(OF SYM. MONOIDAL  
( $\infty$ )-CATEGORIES)

$$\text{Disk}_n^{\text{fr}} \xrightarrow{A} \mathcal{Y}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Disk}_n^{\text{fr}} & \xrightarrow{A} & \mathcal{Y} \\ \downarrow & \nearrow & \\ \text{Mfd}_n^{\text{fr}} & \xrightarrow{\text{St}} & \end{array}$$

FOR APPROPRIATE

$\mathcal{Y}$  (= TENSOR SIFTED COCOMPLETE), IT IS THE USUAL LEFT KAN EXTENSION.