

## Extra Exercise 5

Let  $G(t) = \int_0^t e^{-\frac{1}{2}s^2} ds$  for  $t \in \mathbf{R}$  (which, up to normalization, is the error function).

Consider the homogeneous differential equation

$$\ddot{x} - t\dot{x} - x = 0. \quad (1)$$

1. Make the change of variables by the spatial transformation  $x(t) = e^{\frac{1}{2}t^2}u(t)$
2. Solve the obtained equation for  $u$ , and determine the solution  $x$  to (1).
3. Find a particular solution to the inhomogeneous equation

$$\ddot{x} - t\dot{x} - x = f(t) \quad (2)$$

with  $f(t) = t^2$ , by making the Ansatz that  $x$  is a second order polynomial, and give the complete solution to this equation.

4. Find the corresponding first order equation  $\dot{y} = A(t)y$  and determine a fundamental matrix  $\Phi(t)$ .
5. Write down the general formula from Theorem 8.19 for the solution to (2) with  $f \in C^0(I)$  arbitrary.