

# Matematik 3GT

Books, notes, calculators, and computers are allowed at this three hour written exam. You may write your answers in pencil.

## Problem 1 (20 points)

Let  $S_\Omega$  denote the smallest uncountable well-ordered set.

- (1) Show that  $S_\Omega$  contains a subset with the order type of the positive integers  $\mathbf{Z}_+$ . [Hint:  $S_\Omega$  does not have a largest element.]
- (2) Find an element of  $S_\Omega$  that does not have an immediate predecessor. [Hint: Use  $\mathbf{Z}_+ \subset S_\Omega$ .]

## Problem 2 (10 points)

If  $Z$  is a topological space and  $C \subset Z$  a subset, we define the *boundary* of  $C$  by the equation

$$\partial C = \overline{C} \cap \overline{(Z - C)}$$

Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be topological spaces,  $A$  a subset of  $X$  and  $B$  a subset of  $Y$ . Then  $A \times B$  is a subset of  $X \times Y$ . Show that

$$\partial(A \times B) = (\partial A \times \overline{B}) \cup (\overline{A} \times \partial B)$$

[Hint:  $(X \times Y) - (A \times B) = (X - A) \times Y \cup X \times (Y - B)$ ]

## Problem 3 (20 points)

Let  $f: S^1 \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$  be a continuous map of the circle to the real line.

- (1) Show that there is a point  $x$  on the circle so that  $f(x) = f(-x)$ . [Hint: The odd map  $g(x) = f(x) - f(-x)$  must take the value 0 at some point.]
- (2) Is it possible to imbed the circle  $S^1$  in the real line  $\mathbf{R}$ ?

## Problem 4 (40 points)

Let  $X = \mathbf{Z}_+$  be the set of positive integers with the discrete topology and  $\beta(X)$  its Stone-Ćech compactification. We consider  $X$  as a subset of  $\beta(X)$ . Let  $A$  be any subset of  $X \subset \beta(X)$ . Let  $U$  be an open subset of  $\beta(X)$ .

- (1) Show that there is a continuous function  $F: \beta(X) \rightarrow \{0, 1\}$  defined on the compactification such that  $F(A) = 0$  and  $F(X - A) = 1$ . Deduce that  $\overline{A}$  and  $\overline{X - A}$  are disjoint where closures are taken in  $\beta(X)$ .
- (2) Show that  $\beta(X) - \overline{A} = \overline{X - A}$  and that  $\overline{A}$  is open and closed in  $\beta(X)$ . [Hint: You may use without proof the general fact that  $\overline{C} - \overline{D} \subset \overline{C - D}$ .]
- (3) Show that  $\overline{U} = \overline{U \cap X}$  and that  $\overline{U}$  is open and closed in  $\beta(X)$ .
- (4) Show that the connected components of  $\beta(X)$  are one-point sets.

(THE END)