

DAVID AYALA BORDISM HYPOTHESIS I

- GOAL:
- Define $\otimes (\infty, n)$ -CAT Bord $_n$ [INSPIRED BY LUKI AND TILMANN]
 - Define NOTION OF REALIZABILITY
 - • STATE BORDISM HYPOTHESIS
 - SAY SOMETHING ABOUT THE PROOF.

A SYMMONOIDAL (\otimes) (∞, n) -CAT IS A FUNCTOR

$$\Gamma^{op} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{C}} \text{Cat}_{(\infty, n)} \xrightarrow{\text{FIBRANT}} \text{sPsh}(\Theta_n)_{n, \infty}^{inj}$$

" CAT OF BASED FINITE SETS, BASED MAPS

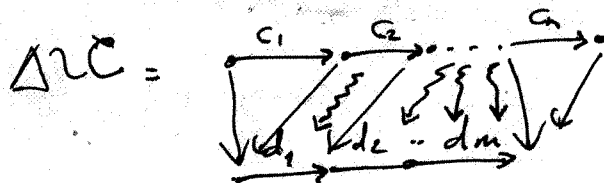
$$\Theta_n = \Delta \wr \dots \wr \Delta$$

SUCH THAT

$$\mathcal{C}(+) = *$$

" [0+]

$$\mathcal{C}(A_+) \xrightarrow{\cong} \prod_{i=1}^n \mathcal{C}(sa_i^+)$$



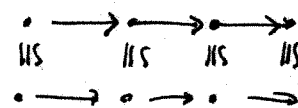
ACTUALLY, \exists CARTESIAN MODEL STRUCTURE ON $(\text{sPsh}(\Theta_n)_{n, \infty}^{inj})^{pro}$ FOR WHICH \otimes - (∞, n) -CATS ARE FIBRANT OBJECTS, BECAUSE THE CONDITIONS ARE LOCALIZATIONS. (AS IN DUGGER)

EX: $n=1$, \mathcal{D} AM HONEST \otimes -CAT $\mapsto \otimes$ - $(\infty, 1)$ -CAT:

$$\Gamma^{op} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{C}} \text{Cat} \xrightarrow{N} \text{Psh}(\Delta) \xrightarrow{\text{SETS} \rightarrow \text{SPACES}} \text{sPsh}(\Delta)$$

$\mathcal{D}^{(n)} \cong \mathcal{D} \times \dots \times \mathcal{D}$ $n_+ \mapsto \mathcal{D}^{(n)}$

$$N = \text{Nerve}(\mathbb{I} \text{co} \text{---}) \mapsto \text{CONV} \text{ SEGM} \text{ SPAC}$$



$$\mathbb{I}_n^{\delta} : \mathcal{O}(V)^{op} \longrightarrow \text{Set}$$

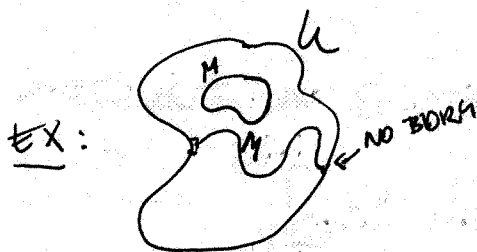
↑ fin dim Vect/R
↑ POSET OF OPEN SUBSETS

$V = \text{finite vector space over } \mathbb{R} \text{ or } \mathbb{C}$

$\mathcal{O}(V) = \text{POSET of OPEN SUBSETS of } V$

$\Phi_n^\delta: \mathcal{O}(V)^{op} \rightarrow \text{Set}$ SHEAF

$U \mapsto \Phi_n^\delta(U) := \left\{ M \subset U \mid \begin{array}{l} \text{SUBSET} \\ \text{dim} \\ \partial M = \emptyset \end{array} \mid \begin{array}{l} M \text{ CLOSED AS} \\ \text{A SUBSET} \end{array} \right\}$



Φ IS A SHEAF SINCE
OPEN COVER OF U AND

$\{U_\alpha\}_{\alpha \in A}$

$M_\alpha \in \Phi_n^\delta(U_\alpha)$ WITH $M_\alpha|_{U_\alpha \cap U_\beta} = M_\beta|_{U_\alpha \cap U_\beta}$

$\implies M = \bigcup_\alpha M_\alpha \subset U$

$\Phi_n: \mathcal{O}(V)^{op} \rightarrow \text{SPACE}$ SHEAF

$\Phi_n(U) = \coprod_{[M^n \text{ WITH } \partial M = \emptyset]} \text{Emb}^{\text{proper}}(M, U) / \text{DIFF}(M)$

USE THE TOPOLOGY GENERATED BY
 $C(K, U)$ WHERE $K \subset U$ COMPACT
 $(M \hookrightarrow U) \in W \subset \text{Emb}^{\text{prop}}(M, U)$

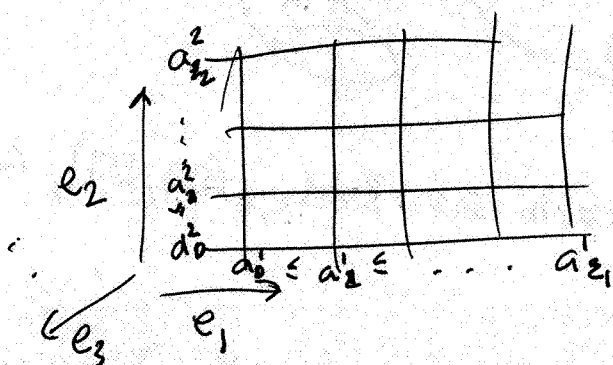
$C(K, U) := \{ M' \subset U \mid \exists j \in W \text{ WITH } j(M) \cap K = M' \cap K \}$

(\rightarrow CAN PUSH THINGS TO INFINITY)

\mathbb{R}^δ (\mathbb{R} AS POSET, DISCRETE TOP) $\rightsquigarrow \Delta^{op} \xrightarrow{R_1} \text{Set}$
 $[n] \mapsto \mathbb{R}_{\leq}^{n+1} = \{a_0 \leq \dots \leq a_n\}$

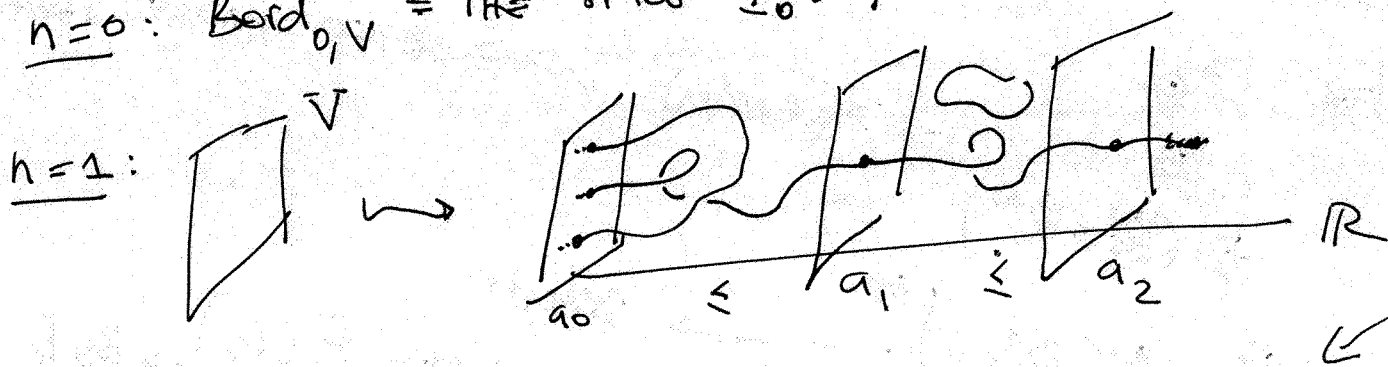
$$\mapsto (\Delta \times \dots \times \Delta)^{\text{or}} \xrightarrow{k_1 \times \dots \times k_n} \underbrace{\text{Set} \times \dots \times \text{Set}}_n \rightarrow \text{Set}$$

$$([k_1], \dots, [k_n]) \mapsto \{(\underline{a}^1, \dots, \underline{a}^n) \mid \begin{array}{l} \underline{a}^i \in \mathbb{R}^{k_i+1} \\ \forall i \in \{1, \dots, n\} \end{array}\}$$



Define $\text{Bord}_{n,V} : (\Delta \times \dots \times \Delta)^{\text{or}} \rightarrow \text{SPACES}$
 $([k_1], \dots, [k_n]) \mapsto \{(\underline{a}^1, \dots, \underline{a}^n; M^n) \mid$
 $M \in \Psi_n(\prod_{i=1}^n [a_{0,i}^i, a_{k_i}^i] \times V)$
 $\text{s.t. (1), (2), (3)}\}$

$n=0$: $\text{Bord}_{0,V} = \text{THE SPACE } \Psi_0(V) \text{ CONFIGURATIONS IN } V$

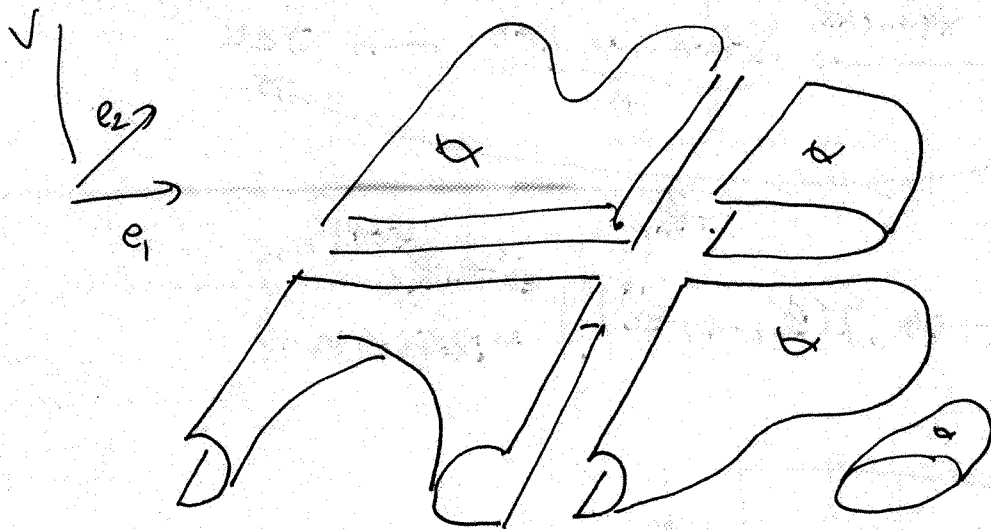


(1) "COMPACT": $M \hookrightarrow \mathbb{R}^n \times V \xrightarrow{pr} V$ PROPER

(2) "TRANSVERSE": $\forall S \subset \{1, \dots, n\}$ AND $(1 \leq j_i \leq k_i)_{i \in S}$

$M \xrightarrow{pr} \mathbb{R}^S$ IS TRANSVERSE TO $(a_{j_i})_{i \in S} \in \mathbb{R}^S$

(3) "MIT": $k_i = 0$ FOR SOME $1 \leq i \leq n \Rightarrow M \xrightarrow{pr} \mathbb{R}^{\{i_1, \dots, i_s\}}$
 \Rightarrow A SUBEMBEDDING



$\in \text{Bord}_{2,V}([2],[2])$

CONDITION (3): IF WE RESTRICT TO SAY $\text{Bord}_{2,V}([2],[0])$, GET A PRODUCT MFD.

VARIANTS: EACH $M \in \mathcal{F}_n(U)$ DETERMINES A WELL-DEFINED MAP

$$M \xrightarrow{\mathcal{Z}_M} G_n(\mathbb{R}^n \times V)$$

$$x \longmapsto T_x M$$

SUPPOSE $V \subset \mathbb{R}^\infty$.

FOR B_0
 $\downarrow \theta$
 $G_n(\mathbb{R}^n \times \mathbb{R}^\infty)$ A FIBRATION \rightsquigarrow DEFINING A NEW STRAT

$$\psi_\theta : \mathcal{F}_n(\mathbb{R}^n \times V) \text{ or } U \longrightarrow \text{SPACE}$$

$$M \xrightarrow{\mathcal{Z}} G_n(\mathbb{R}^n \times V)$$

$$M \in \mathcal{F}_n(U) \xrightarrow{\mathcal{Z}} B_0/V \xrightarrow{\theta} G_n(\mathbb{R}^n \times V)$$

WITH NATURAL TOPOLOGY AS BEFORE.

EX: θ = ORIENTATION, FRAMING, ...

Define $\text{Bord}_{n,V}^{\otimes}$ as before and

$$\text{Bord}_n^{\otimes} := \text{colim}_{V \in \text{fin dim SUBSP OF } \mathbb{R}^{\infty}, \text{ INCLUSION}} \text{Bord}_{n,V}^{\otimes}$$

$$\text{Bord}_n^{\otimes} \in \text{SPsh}(\underbrace{\Delta \times \dots \times \Delta}_n)$$

TAKING SINGULAR CFX TO GET EMPIRICAL SET.

NOTE: DIMENSION OF GRID \leq DIM OF MFD SO THAT OBJECTS WILL CORRESPOND TO POINTS, MORPH TO 1-MFDS ETC.

FACT

$$\text{Bord}_n([1], \dots, [1]) \underset{\text{REEK}}{\simeq} \coprod_{[M^n, (\pm)^n]} \text{BDiff}(M, (\pm)^n)$$

↑
DIFFEO. PRESERVE DIRECTIONS, BDRS ALLOWED TO MOVE INSIDE SUBSPACE

• PRESENTED (EASY TO VERIFY TRIVIAL OBJECTS)
• CARTESIAN CLOSED!

↑ VIOLENT: CHOPPING AND n-COBORDISM COMPUTING

$$\text{SPsh}(\Delta \times \dots \times \Delta)$$

SIMPSON-HIRSCHWITZ

$$(\text{SPsh}(\Delta \times \dots \times \Delta), \text{SEGAL n-CAT})$$

- NOT NECESSARILY PRESENTED
- CARTESIAN CLOSED

↑ DISCRETIZING THE LOWER MORPHISMS - TOO RIDGED TO PROVE THE BH?

↑ VIOLENT: "GROUP COMPLETE WRT TO n-COBORDISMS"

$$(\text{SPsh}(\Delta \times \dots \times \Delta); \text{n-FOLD COMPLETE SEGAL CAT})$$

LURIE

[REEK: PRESENTATION FOR THIS MODEL CATEGORY NOT CARTESIAN CLOSED!

↳ WON'T PURSUE IT.

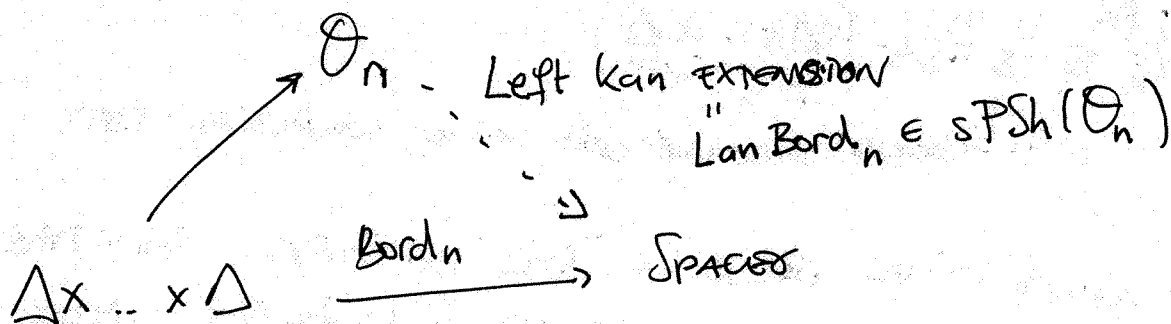
COULD ALSO TRY TO GO TO CUBIC CFXS OR SOMETHING ...

NOTE: "BORDISM HYPOTHESIS" MEANS THAT IF IT DOESN'T HOLD IN YOUR MODEL, YOUR MODEL IS BAD!

$$\Delta \times \mathcal{C} \longrightarrow \Delta \mathcal{L} \mathcal{C}$$

$$([n], c) \longmapsto [n](c, \dots, c)$$

$$\Rightarrow \Delta \times \dots \times \Delta \longrightarrow \Delta \mathcal{L} \dots \mathcal{L} \Delta = \Theta_n$$



Define $\overline{\text{Lan Bord}_n} :=$ FIBRANT REPLACEMENT of Lan Bord_n
 IT'S AN (∞, n) -CATEGORY BY CONSTRUCTION.

CAN WRITE DOWN AN EXPLICIT MODEL OF $\overline{\text{Lan Bord}_n}$
 (DAVID) (USING THE TOPOLOGY WHERE THINGS DISAPPEAR AT
 ∞ AND CHOPPING THINGS UP ...)

WANT TO CONSIDER

$\text{Hom}_{\text{SPSh}(\Theta_n)}(\overline{\text{Lan Bord}_n}, \mathcal{C})$ (∞, n) -CAT
 \downarrow IS $(\mathcal{C}$ FIBRANT), $\text{Lan Bord}_n \xrightarrow{\sim} \overline{\text{Lan Bord}_n}$ (∞, n) -CAT AS CATEGORICAL CLOSED

$\text{Hom}_{\text{SPSh}(\Theta_n)}(\text{Lan Bord}_n, \mathcal{C})$
 \downarrow IS (KAN EXTENSION) ISO OF SETS... (HOMOLOGY VECTOR?)

$\text{Hom}_{\text{SPSh}(\Delta \times \dots \times \Delta)}(\text{Bord}_n, \mathcal{C} |_{\Delta \times \dots \times \Delta})$

MIGHT BE AN n -FOLD COMPLETE SEGAL SPACE?

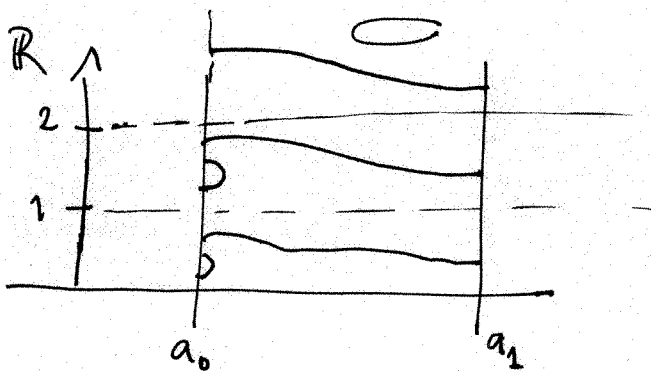
Bord_n AS A Γ^{op} - OBJECT

$$\otimes \text{Bord}_{n, V \times \mathbb{R}}^{\otimes} : \Gamma^{\text{op}} \longrightarrow \text{SPSh}(\Delta x \dots x \Delta)$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} \mathbb{R}^+ \\ [k_1, \dots, k_n] \end{array} \right) \longrightarrow \left\{ (a^1, \dots, a^n; M) \in \text{Bord}_{n, V \times \mathbb{R}}^{\otimes}([k_1, \dots, k_n]) \mid (*) \right.$$

$$(*) \quad M \cap \bigcup_{i=1}^{l-1} \text{ER}_i = \emptyset$$

V=0
l=3
n=1
k₁=1



Question: How does Γ^{op} fit in the previous diagram?

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