

TOPOLOGICAL / CHIRAL HOMOLOGY (DERIVED)

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GOAL: DEFINE TOPOLOGICAL HOMOLOGY (TCH)
DERIVED (i.e. CHAIN CPX)

IN 2 \neq WAYS:

- i) ONE USING THE BOURBON HYPOTHESIS (\rightarrow PROPERTIES FOR TREE)
- ii) BUILD TCH WITHOUT USING THE BOURBON HYPOTHESIS
(\rightarrow THEN CAN PROVE THAT ONE GET TFT IN THAT SETTING EASIER ...)

I) THE TENSOR \otimes - $(\infty, 1)$ -CATEGORY $Alg_n^{(0)} =: E_{\leq n} Alg$

WE WORK WITH THE CATEGORY OF CHAIN CPX'S OVER

A FIELD k : $Ch(k)^{dg} = \begin{cases} Obj = \text{CHAIN CPX} \\ Hom(C, D) = \{ f \in Hom_{\mathbb{Z}}(C, D), d(f) = f(d_C) \pm d_D \circ f \} \\ \text{CHAIN CPX} \end{cases}$

$Alg_0 := (\infty, 1)$ -CATEGORY OF CHAIN COMPLEXES

INGREDIENTS FOR TCH

I.1 A \otimes - $(\infty, 1)$ -CATEGORY MODELLING $Ch(k)$

"MORALITY" THE OBJECTS SHOULD STILL BE CHAIN CPX'S,

1- $Mor_1 =$ MORPHISMS OF CHAIN COMPLEXES

2- $Mor_2 =$ HOMOTOPHY BETWEEN MORPH

⋮

THINKING OF $(\infty, 1)$ -CAT AS N -CAT WITH EVERYTHING INVERTIBLE FROM 2 ONWARDS.

PROP (TOEN AND MANY MORE "OVERVIEW ON HIGHER STACKS" /

LET \mathcal{M} BE ANY MODEL CATEGORY

\rightsquigarrow AN $(\infty, 1)$ -CATEGORY BY TAKING THE DWYER-KAN LOCALIZATION: $L(\mathcal{M}, W)$

\nwarrow WEAK-EQUIV. OF \mathcal{M}
 \swarrow CATEGORY ENRICHED OVER SIMPLICIAL SETS

\rightarrow TAKE THE FAT NERVE FROM ALEXANDER'S TALK.

\cong SHOULD BE EQUIVALENT TO TAKING THE FAT NERVE WITH QUASI-ISOS TAKING THE ROLE OF THE ISOS AS VERTICAL MORPHISMS:

$$\text{FAT NERVE}(W(\mathcal{M})) = \left(\begin{array}{ccccccc} \bullet & \xrightarrow{\quad} & \bullet & \xrightarrow{\quad} & \bullet & \xrightarrow{\quad} & \bullet \\ \downarrow \simeq & & \downarrow \simeq & & \downarrow \simeq & & \downarrow \simeq \\ \bullet & \xrightarrow{\quad} & \bullet & \xrightarrow{\quad} & \bullet & \xrightarrow{\quad} & \bullet \\ \vdots & & \vdots & & \vdots & & \vdots \\ \bullet & \xrightarrow{\quad} & \bullet & \xrightarrow{\quad} & \bullet & \xrightarrow{\quad} & \bullet \end{array} \right)$$

$$= N_0(W(\mathcal{M})[\bullet])$$

THAT WAS STEP 0

STEP 1: Alg_1 (WE FOLLOW LUC'S TALK)

Alg_1 IS AN $(\infty, 2)$ -CATEGORY.

$\text{Obj}(\text{Alg}_1) = \text{dg ASSOCIATIVE ALGEBRAS}$
 A_{∞}

1-MOR $(A, B) = \text{Alg}_0(A \otimes B^{\text{op}} - \text{MODULI})$

COMPOSITION: $A \xrightarrow{M} B \xrightarrow{N} C := \begin{matrix} M & \otimes & N \\ A & \otimes_B & C \end{matrix}$

PROBLEM: CHOICE INVOLVED, NO REASON TO BE ASSOCIATIVE

THOUGH NOT REALLY A PROBLEM BECAUSE WE DON'T ASSUME HAVING (WELL-DEFINED UNIQUELY DEFINED) COMPOSITION IN AN $(\infty, 2)$ -CATEGORY.

I 2. NEED A WAY TO MAKE \otimes INTO AN HONEST COMPOSITION OF 1-MORPHISMS, TO REALLY GET AN $(\infty, 2)$ -CATEGORY OUT OF THE COLLECTION OF $(\infty, 1)$ -CATEGORIES $(A \otimes B^{\text{op}})$ -MODULES.

Alg_2 IS MONOIDAL WRT \otimes .

STEP (n-1) \rightarrow n :

Alg_n IS A \otimes - $(\infty, n+1)$ -CATEGORY.

$\text{Obj}(\text{Alg}_n) = E_n$ -ALGEBRAS [OVER A CHOSEN MODEL] OF E_n -OPERAD

(NOTE: E_n IS LIKE $E_1, \dots, \{E_1, \dots\}$)

1-MORPH(A, B) = Alg_{n-1} ($A \otimes B^{\text{op}}$ -MODULES)
OR (A, B)-BIMODULES

E_n -BIMODULES IN THE OPERADIC SENSE

"LITTLE ISSUE:" NEED A MODEL OF E_n -ALGEBRAS SO THAT $A_1 \otimes A_2$ IS AN E_n -ALGEBRA FOR A_1, A_2 E_n -ALGEBRAS.

I 3. NEED A \otimes OF E_n -ALGEBRAS.

IS. WANT A DIAGONAL $E_n(\mathbb{R}) \xrightarrow{\Delta} E_n(\mathbb{R}) \otimes E_n(\mathbb{R})$

(E_n IS A "HOPF OPERAD")

— THERE ARE MODELS LIKE THAT, FOR EXAMPLE USING THE BARRET-ELZEVEY OPERAD AND ITS FILTRATIONS.

I.4

$$E_1 \hookrightarrow E_2 \hookrightarrow \dots \hookrightarrow E_{n-1} \hookrightarrow E_n$$

NEED TO CHOOSE SUCH A SEQUENCE OF RESTRICTIONS TO BE ABLE TO DEFINE THE INDUCTION STEP, COMPATIBLE WITH \otimes -PRODUCT. (ANALOGOUS TO, IN THE DEFINITION OF $Bord_n$, RESTRICTING TO SOME DIRECTIONS GAVE PREVIOUS $Bord_i$'s — AXIOM (3).)

— SHOULD BE ABLE TO DO THIS WITH THE BARRATT-FECHEES OPERAD, SEE [FRESSE] —

E_n -ALG

$$A \otimes_B N_B \otimes_B P_C \xleftarrow{\sim} A \otimes_B N_B \otimes_B (B, B, B) \otimes_B P_C$$

NEED A BAR CONSTRUCTION OF E_n -ALGEBRAS S.T. (CA, A, A) IS AN E_2 -ALGEBRA IF A IS A E_{2+1} -ALGEBRA.

[THERE ARE SUCH CONSTRUCTIONS: BRUN-FIEDOROWICZ-VOGT, FRESSE, MAY]

... AND A COMPATIBLE CHOICE FOR THE INDUCTION...

$\mapsto Alg_n$ $\otimes(\infty, n+1)$ -CATEGORY (OF $E_{\leq n}$ -ALG).
 $\left[\begin{array}{l} \text{obj} = E_n\text{-ALG} \\ \text{1-mor} = E_{n+1}\text{-ALG} \\ \vdots \end{array} \right.$

DEF: $E_{\leq n}$ -ALG := $Alg_n^{(0)}$ = "THROW AWAY ALL NON-INVERTIBLE $(n+1)$ -MORPHISMS IN Alg_n "

$\otimes(\infty, n)$ -CAT OBTAINED BY RIGHT ADJOINT OF THE INCLUSION $\otimes(\infty, n) \rightarrow \otimes(\infty, n+1)$ -CAT.

LEMMA: $E_{\leq n}$ -ALG HAS DUALS !

REASON: EVERYTHING UP TO LEVEL $n-1$ ARE ALGEBRAS
 AND THE DUAL OF A IS A^{op} (A^{op} = RUN BACK OF A
 OVER THE ANTI-PODAL $E_n \xrightarrow{inv} E_n$)

→ PERFECT TARGET FOR A FIELD THEORY ...

BORDISM HYPOTHESIS IN $E_{\leq n}$ -ALGEBRAS:

ANY \otimes -Hom $(\text{Lan Bord}_n^{fr}, E_{\leq n}\text{-ALG}) \xrightarrow{\sim} \mathcal{U}(E_{\leq n}\text{-Alg}^{\sim})$
($\text{Cob}(n)$ -CAT)

$$\mathbb{Z} \longmapsto \mathbb{Z}(\cdot^+)$$

THUS "ANY" E_n -ALGEBRA A GIVES RISE TO A
 "UNIQUE" TFT. \mathbb{Z}_A (GIVEN A , CHOOSE A PATH TO
 SOMETHING IN THE IMAGE, THIS
 PATH IS UNIQUE UP TO HOMOLOGY...)

DEF: TOPOLOGICAL CHIRAL HOMOLOGY OF M
 (FRAMED n -DIM MFD) WITH VALUE IN A (AN E_n -ALG)
 IS $\int_M A := \mathbb{Z}_A(M)$ IT IS A CHAIN COMPLEX

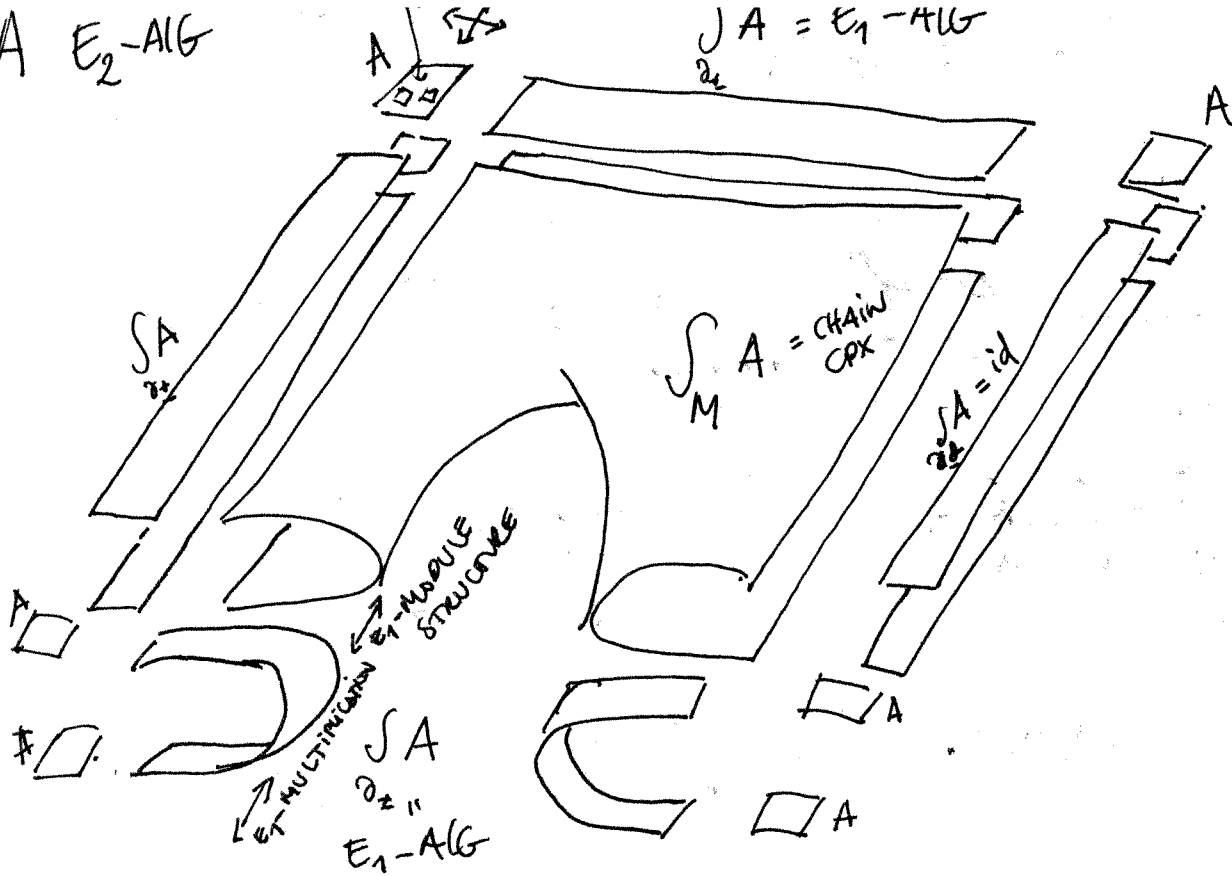
IF N k -DIM, S.T. $N^{\mathbb{R}} \times D^{n-k}$ IS FRAMED, DEFINE
 $\int_N A := \mathbb{Z}_A(N)$, WHICH IS AN E_{n-k} -ALGEBRA.

IN PARTICULAR, $\int_{M^n} A$ IS A MODULE OVER THE E_1 -ALG

$\int_{\partial M} A$
 HAS SEVERAL COMPONENTS

→ MODULE OVER EACH OF THEM
 (OR OVER THE TENSOR PRODUCT)

A E_2 -ALG



PROPERTIES OF TCH

① $\int_{M \cup N} A \xrightarrow{\sim} \int_M A \otimes_{\int_S A} \int_N A$
 $(E_{n-k})\text{-ALG} \otimes_{E_{n-k+1}\text{-ALG}} (E_{n-k})\text{-ALG} \xrightarrow{\sim} E_{n-k}\text{-ALG}$

② $\int_{D^2} A \xrightarrow{\sim} A \sim$ AS E_{n-k} -ALGEBRA.
 $\forall 0 \leq k \leq n$

(HENCE A DETERMINES THE WHOLE THING)

③ $\int_{S^1} A = \int_{\{*\}} A \approx \int_{\{*\}} A \otimes_{\int_{\{*\}} A} \int_{\{*\}} A \approx A \otimes_{A \otimes A^{op}} A$
 \rightarrow HOCHSCHILD CPX

$$\int \xrightarrow{A} \simeq A \overset{A}{A}$$

S_1

$$\int \xrightarrow{A} \xrightarrow{\dots} \int A \simeq A^{\otimes k}$$

\wr

$$A \otimes A \hookrightarrow A \otimes A \hookrightarrow A$$

$$A \otimes A \simeq A$$

$$(a,b) \rightarrow ab$$

$$\rightsquigarrow \mathcal{B}(A, A, A) \xrightarrow{\sim} \int A \simeq A$$

$$\int_{S^2} A^{\otimes 2} \simeq \int_{D^2} A \otimes \int_{S^1} A \simeq A \otimes A \quad (C(A, A), B)$$

M . SIMPLICIAL SET MODEL OF M , ASSUME A IS COMM.

$$\int_M A := A^{\otimes M} = CH^{M.}(A, A) \quad (\text{PIRASHVILI'S NOTATION})$$

GENERALIZATION OF HOCHSCHILD CFX

[A COMMUTATIVE \rightsquigarrow CAN FORGET THE MANIFOLD STRUCTURE, JUST GOING TO SIMPLICIAL SETS, ANALOGOUS TO STABILIZING IN WEIDHUSEN THEORY --]

FIX A AN E_n -ALGEBRA.
 M FRAMED MANIFOLD OF DIM n .

TCH_A(M) DEFINED BY

TAKE THE LITTLE n -CUBE MODEL FOR E_n -OPERAD:

$$E_n(\mathbb{R}) = \text{Emb} \left(\frac{\mathbb{1}}{\mathbb{R}} \square^n, \square^n \right)$$

[SEE PASCAL'S TALK...]

M: MODULE OVER E_n

$$\underline{M}(\mathbb{R}) = \text{Emb}^{\text{fr}} \left(\frac{\mathbb{1}}{\mathbb{R}} D^n, M \right)$$

$$\text{TCH}_A(M) := A \otimes_{E_n} \underline{M}$$

IS THE CHAIN COMPLEX

$$\text{TCH}_A(M) \simeq \bigoplus_{n_0 \rightarrow n_1 \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow n_k} A^{\otimes n_0} \otimes E_n(n_0 \rightarrow n_1) \otimes \dots \otimes E_n(n_{k-1} \rightarrow n_k) \otimes \underline{M}(n_k)$$

PROP ASSOCIATED TO E_n

$$\text{TAM}: \text{TCH}_A(M) \xrightarrow{\sim} \int_M A$$

[WRITE]