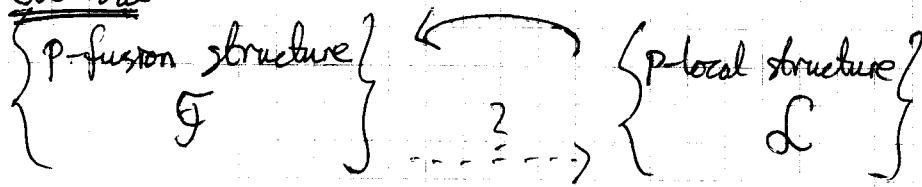


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Problem Session

Chaired by Jesper Grodal

J.Grodal



Martin-Priddy conjecture
for group case

\lim^3, \lim^2 vanish?

$\lim^1 = 0$ for p odd?

existence and
uniqueness thms

{Finite groups} \hookrightarrow {All groups}

Problem: Prove existence & uniqueness of finite simple groups
using p -local finite groups

Subproblem (Quillen): Odd order theorem this way?

Approach: Study $\pi_1(\text{Id})$ finite in many cases
group & Lie type in defining characteristic, Symmetric groups $p=2$
 p -solvable groups. What about $\pi_*(\text{Id})$?

Problem: Alperin's Conjecture:

value depending on { p -local structure} = value depending on {finite groups}

C. Wilkerson

X finite simply conn CW-complex. $B\text{Aut}(X) \quad \pi_i = \text{Out}(X)$

2) Sullivan/Wilkinson $\text{Out}(X)$ over finite p -groups
has properties like arithmetic groups

$$X = S^n \quad B\text{Aut}_1(S^n) \sim \begin{cases} p=2 & BSO(n+1) \\ p>2 & BX \text{ (possibly } p\text{-compact)} \\ & p-1, p-1, n \end{cases}$$

F-isomorphism

Identify components

J. Smith + C. Wilkerson $\left\{ \begin{array}{c} X \\ \downarrow \\ \mathbb{F} \\ B^{\mathbb{Z}_2} \end{array} \right\}$ Fiber homotopy equivalence $\sim \infty$

$$[B^{\mathbb{Z}_2}, B\text{Aut}_1(X)]$$

roughly speaking = elements of order
 $2 \in \text{Aut}_1(X)$

Question: Is 2-rank of $\text{Aut}_1(X)$ bounded? Interpretations

$H^*(B\text{Aut}_1(X))$ (Krull dimension) Transcendence degree

Conjecture: Yes. Motivation: If X is PDA uses 60's
result from 60's Mann. OK in this case

J. Grodal: Followup P finite p -group

$$\text{Rep}(P, O(n+1)) / \text{Gal conjugation} \longrightarrow [BP, B\text{Aut}((S^n)_p)]$$

of m reps

Question: If $B\text{Aut}((S^n)_p)$ is like a Lie group, is the Weyl group $\mathbb{Z}_p^* / \Sigma_n$?

Question (Wilkerson) What is Rank of $Diff(M)$.

3) Marcus Linckelmann k finite field of char p .

B block of kG gives rise to fusion system $\mathcal{F}_P(B)$, P defect group.

$$B' \longrightarrow kG' \longrightarrow \mathcal{F}_{P'}(B'), P'$$

Question: Does $\text{Mod}(B) \cong \text{Mod}(B')$ $\Rightarrow \begin{cases} P \cong P' \\ G \cong G' \end{cases}$?

Modular isomorphism problem: $\mathcal{F}_G(kP) \cong kP' \Rightarrow P \cong P'$?
(Subproblem)

(1) complete DVR of char 0, $\mathcal{O}/\mathfrak{J}(0)$ char p

Then $\mathcal{O}P \cong \mathcal{O}P' \Rightarrow P \cong P'$ (--- Scott)
Rozansky?

J. Carlson: $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{fusion systems} \\ \text{of blocks} \end{array} \right\} \stackrel{?}{=} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{fusion systems} \\ \text{of groups} \end{array} \right\}$ Q1

~~Defect group of block~~

M. Linckelmann Defect group of block comes from
fusion system of a block with D below? Q2

Q1: Ok for Σ , ft gs of Lie type non defining char.

J. Graded: Does $Qd(P) = (\mathbb{Z}_p)^2 \times SL_2(\mathbb{D})$ act freely on
a finite complex $\simeq S^n \times S^m$, p odd?

Known: Action cannot have equivariant projection, $n \neq m$

④ Question (Ian Hambleton): What is the analogue of

Milnor's condition (every elt of order 2 is central) in the case of products of spheres?

Thm (Smith, Adem-Ulu-Davis) Every rank 2 p-group acts freely and smoothly on a product of two spheres, $p > 2$.

Ulu: work for $p=2$ OK for $|G| \leq 256$ (except perhaps one).

J. Davis

① k field, G torsion free.

• Are there nontrivial idempotents in kG or $\mathbb{Z}G$? Conj (Bass): No

• BG f.g projective / kG or $\mathbb{Z}G \Rightarrow$ stably free?

$$K_0(\mathbb{Z}G) = 0?$$

Free: wrong (Dunwoody)

② Borel conjecture

Closed aspherical manifolds M, N . Conj $M \cong N$

~~weak~~

③ Finite group actions on S^3 are linear?

Peterson: free actions

Smith conj: nonfree actions

{ May be solved

⑤ ④ Hilbert-Smith conj : Any locally compact topological group acting effectively on a manifold is a Lie group?

Question : Does \mathbb{Z}_p^r act effectively on a manifold?

Positive results : ask Bob. Smooth version is OK.

⑤ Conjecture : If $(\mathbb{Z}/p)^r$ acts freely $S^{n_1} \times \dots \times S^{n_k}$ then $r \leq k$?

True for $k=1, k=2$

True for $n_1 = \dots = n_k$ if $p > 2$

Question : Does every finite group act freely and homologically trivially on some product of spheres?

tiny question : non abelian group $\overset{G_2}{p_+^{2t1}}$ (order p^3 , exp p)

For which (m, n) does G act freely on $S^m \times S^n$?

⑥ Find a simply connected manifold with no effective action of a nontrivial finite group?

Might be solved : Kreck, Puppe

Jon Alperin :

Thm (Jordan) $\exists J : \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$, G complex bireal group of dim n

Then G has an abelian normal subgroup of order $J(n)$.

⑥ What about nonlinear effective actions?

J. Grodal Direct proofs of Lie group results ^{for pgs} directly:

Bott's theorem on X/T ?

ΩX torsion free? (LMS result)

Borel-Sternberg's theorems?

Homotopy

Kac-Moody groups: Theory (Kitchloo)

ΛBX ^{Bochner} P -compact Kac-Moody groups
↑
free loop space

Weyl group $L \times W$

Bob Oliver:

Exotic or local finite groups

① extensions $1 \rightarrow \mathcal{F}_0 \rightarrow \mathcal{F} \rightarrow Q \rightarrow 1$ $\mathcal{F}_0, \mathcal{F}$ saturated fusion system

Q p -group or p' -group. Classification in [BCGLO?]

② Examples with one exotic and the other nonexotic? (4 cases)

Most interesting case: $\mathcal{F} \times \mathcal{F}_0 / S_0$. Assume $\mathcal{F}_0 = \mathcal{F}_{S_0}(G_0)$

Does $\mathcal{F}_{S_0}(S_0) / \mathcal{F}(S_0) = \mathcal{F}_{S_0}(S_0)$

have automorphisms not from $\text{Aut}(G_0)$? Phrased this way

answer is no.

⑦ Does there exist $\alpha \in \text{Out}_{\text{Aut}}(S_0)$ not in the image of $\text{Out}(G')$ for any G' with $\mathcal{F}_0 = \mathcal{F}_{S_0} \cdot (G')$??

If α exists can build example: If $|x| = p^k$ then \exists

$$\begin{matrix} \exists 1 \rightarrow \mathcal{F}_0 \rightarrow \mathcal{F} \rightarrow \langle \alpha \rangle \rightarrow 1 \\ \downarrow \text{edit} \end{matrix}$$

Classification of fusion systems: Is there another exotic fusion system at $p=2$ (besides $\mathcal{F}_{\text{Sol}(q)}$)?

Larry Smith

Steenrod algebra $\mathbb{F}_q[V]$, $V = \mathbb{F}_q^n$, $\mathbb{F}_q[V] \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}} \mathbb{F}_q[V][X]$
 \uparrow degree $-(q-1)$

\mathcal{P} map of algebras/ \mathbb{F}_q
 $z \in \mathbb{F}_q[V]$, $\{ \mathcal{P}(z) = z + z^q X \} \text{ determines } \mathcal{P}.$

For $f \in \mathbb{F}_q[V]$ $\mathcal{P}(f) = \sum_{i+j=\deg(f)} \Phi^i(f) \cdot X^j$
 \uparrow Steenrod operations

$\Phi: (U = \mathbb{F}_q^m \rightarrow V = \mathbb{F}_q^n)$

$$\deg(\Phi^i f) = i(q+1) + \deg(f)$$

$$\mathbb{F}_q[V] \xrightarrow{\Phi} \mathbb{F}_q[U] \quad \downarrow \mathcal{P}$$

$$\mathbb{F}_q[V][X] \xrightarrow{\Phi} \mathbb{F}_q[U][X]$$

$$\mathcal{P} \in \text{End}_{\mathbb{F}_q}(\mathbb{F}_q[-]).$$

⑧ P^i 's generate an algebra P^* (Steenrod algebra without Bockstein)

$$P^i P^j = \sum (-)^k P^{i+j-k} P^k$$

use Bullett-Macdonald identity.

$\mathbb{F}_q[V]$ module over P^*

Hot problem: What is the minimal number of module generators?

Known: $\dim V=1 \rightarrow$ exercise

$\dim V=2 \rightarrow q=2$ Peterson

$\dim V=3, q=2 \rightarrow$ Kameko

? in general

Motivation: Immersion problem: Given manifold M . What is the lowest codimension of immersion $N \subset \mathbb{R}^n$ with M & N cobordant.
 Combinatorial school. Other school:

$\mathbb{F}_q[V]/I$ PDA, I P^* -invariant. $f \in I, P^i f \in I$

explains some results of Huback/Kameko

Hot problem for $D(V) = \mathbb{F}_q[V]^{GL(V)}$.